

## **KS4** Learning overview

## Subject: Combined Science

## Exam board: AQA

Year 10						
Term	Topics	Extra learning opportunities				
Autumn 1	1. Electricity	Magazines and journals:				
	(continues from Y9)	Physics World- The Institute of Physics own magazine covering current Physics research and latest developments				
		New Scientist- Reports on current developments from across the world of science				
		BBC Science News- the latest news in science from around the world				
		Science Daily- Website featuring the latest Science developments, with a specific area for Physics research				
		Specific Topic resources:				
		Common Physics Misconceptions - YouTube				
		Circuit Construction Kit: DC - Series Circuit   Parallel Circuit   Ohm's				
		Law - PhET Interactive Simulations (colorado.edu)				
		What is electricity? - Electricity Explained - (1) - YouTube				
	2. Infection and response	What conclusions were drawn from the vaccines testing for COVID 19? https://www.imperial.nhs.uk/about-us/news/results-from-the- imperial-vaccine-trial-suggest-new-covid-19-vaccine-technology-is- safe-in-humans				
Autumn 2	1. Bioenergetics	What are the pigments involved in photosynthesis?				
		https://sciencing.com/four-accessory-pigments-necessary-				
		photosynthesis-carried-out-10064523.html				
		Using the graph in the link, describe how the wavelength of light affect photosynthesis <u>https://www.khanacademy.org/science/biology/photosynthesis-in- plants/the-light-dependent-reactions-of-photosynthesis/a/light- and-photosynthetic-pigments</u>				
	2. Quantitative Chemistry	<ul> <li>Make three models of reactants and the products using skittles:</li> <li>1. Oxygen + Nitrogen</li> <li>2. Carbon + oxygen</li> <li>3. Water+ carbon dioxide</li> </ul>				

	3.	Chemical changes	A lot of chemical changes happen at home and all around us. Observe and record examples of some chemical changes happening at home and around you for one week. <u>Examples of Chemical Changes in Everyday Life (yourdictionary.com)</u> Fun experiment: to observe a chemical change. Carry out and take pictures. Put some mentos into a bottle of coke.
Spring 1	1.	Energy changes	Exothermic and endothermic reactions When a chemical reaction occurs, energy is transferred to or from the surroundings. Research some examples of these types of reactions that occur in everyday Life. Exothermic and Endothermic Reactions In Everyday Life by Lydia D'souza (prezi.com)
	2.	Particle model	<u>Specific Heat Capacity Demonstration with Balloons - GCSE Physics -</u> <u>YouTube</u> – practical at home
Spring 2 Summer 1 & 2	1.	Radioactivity	Magazines and journals:Physics World- The Institute of Physics own magazine covering current Physics research and latest developmentsNew Scientist- Reports on current developments from across the world of scienceBBC Science News- the latest news in science from around the world Science Daily- Website featuring the latest Science developments, with a specific area for Physics researchSpecific Topic resources:Watch Chernobyl 1986   Netflix Official SiteWhat Caused the Catastrophic Nuclear Accident in Chernobyl? - YouTube• Watch Batman Dark knight Rises Spiderman 2• Chain reaction 1996 Is the scientific technology regarding nuclear fusion scientific accurately in these films ?Do we Need Nuclear Energy to Stop Climate Change? - YouTubeWorst Nuclear Accidents in History - YouTubeFusion Power Explained – Future or Failure - YouTube
			What can happen when homeostasis fails?

2.	Homeostasis and response	http://www.enetlearning.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/01/HBS3- 8Disruption-of-homeostasis.pdf
		Students could visit the Natural History Museum and search for examples of natural selection: Why did the animals/plants on display develop the adaptations they have?
3.	Inheritance, variation and evolution	There is a particularly impressive gallery on human evolution - https://www.nhm.ac.uk/visit/galleries-and-museum-map/human- evolution.html
		Students with an interest in domesticated animals (dogs, cats, horses, cows) could research how, and why, specific breeds were created – e.g. Yorkshire Terriers. Students could look into the origin of cattle - <u>https://www.ucl.ac.uk/news/2012/mar/dna-traces-cattle-back-small-herd-domesticated-around-10500-years-ago</u>
		Students could use the "sampling" techniques they are taught for Required Practical 7 (p.179 of this spec: <u>https://filestore.aqa.org.uk/resources/science/specifications/AQA- 8464-SP-2016.PDF</u> ) to estimate the population of any organism in a certain area (the number of daisies in a park; number of snails on a path; number of ants on a patio).
4.	Ecology	Using what they learn about the Water Cycle in Lesson 10 of Ecology, students could produce a research project on where North London's potable water comes from, both historically (The New River) and today (e.g. Thames Water, the George V reservoir in Enfield). <u>https://londonist.com/london/features/where-s-my-tap-water-from</u>